



SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: ENGLISH TEXT



STD : VIII

MARKS: 60

DATE :10-10-2025

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION-A (OBJECTIVE)

Q.1 (A) Choose the correct answers from the given options.

(0.5x8=4)

1. Sanjeev could not save _____ from tsunami.
a) his baby daughter b) his cook's wife
c) his cook d) his wife
2. What does 'walls' in the poem stand for?
a) Unity b) Communication gap
c) Differences d) Proximity
3. Who was staring at Bepin Babu in disbelief?
a) Haridas Bagchi b) Sitaram
c) Parimal Ghose d) Almas
4. Azimulla Khan and Tatya Tope had _____ as their leader in the war of Independence.
a) Bahadurshah Zafar b) Nana Saheb Peshwa
c) Rani Laxmibhai d) Maulvi Ahmedulla
5. The king wanted to hire the speaker with his _____.
a) simplicity b) glory
c) money d) power
6. Bepin Choudhury thought of writing to _____ to confirm whether he was at his place in October '58 or not.
a) Chunilal b) Haridas Bagchi
c) Dinesh Mukerji d) Parimal Ghose
7. Till 1835, the education in India was in _____ and _____ languages.
a) Hindi, Sanskrit b) Marathi, Sanskrit
c) Tamil, Hindi d) Sanskrit, Persian
8. Bepin Choudhury liked to buy books on _____.
a) Sci-fi b) thrillers
c) ghost stories d) both b & c

(B) Write the meaning of the following words.

(0.5x6=3)

- | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1. Haphazard | 2. Tremor | 3. Meek |
| 4. Conscientious | 5. Traumatized | 6. Glimpses |

(C) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (1x6=6)

1. _____ is the writer of the lesson “Bepin Choudhury’s Lapse of Memory”.
2. _____ is Tilly Smith’s father.
3. The first war of Indian independence started in _____.
4. _____ visitors washed away from the Patanangala beach.
5. Bepin Choudhury had never been to _____.
6. The _____ in Sri Lanka is home for variety of animals.

(D) State whether the following statements are “True” or “False”. (0.5x6=3)

1. Katchall is part of the Andaman group of Islands.
2. Mr Dinesh Mukerji did not have his own bungalow in Ranchi.
3. In those days, a few people believed that all the misery in the world was due to women.
4. Meghna saved herself by holding on to a wooden door.
5. The learning of English language failed to produce even a single intellectual among the Indians.
6. Chunilal was Bepin Choudhury’s colleague.

Q.2 (A) Make sentences of the following words. (1x5=5)

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------|
| 1. Constant | 2. Incapable | 3. Dissatisfaction |
| 4. Violent | 5. Giant | |

(B) Choose the correct words from the brackets and complete the following texts.

(0.5x12=6)

(realized, everything, back, balance, confidence, truly)

- (1) Next morning, Bepin Babu was (1) _____ in Calcutta. He (2) _____ that there was (3) _____ no hope for him. Soon he would lose (4) _____ : his will to work, his (5) _____, his ability, his (6) _____ of mind.

(achievements, superstitions, ancient, despise, reform, capable)

- (2) Let us not (1) _____ ourselves, our (2) _____ culture is great. And we are (3) _____ of greater (4) _____. We must first (5) _____ our society. (6) _____ have been ruining us.

(C) Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of verbs given in the brackets and complete the texts. (1x3=3)

- Taxes continued (1) _____ (ruin) the peasants. In Bengal, the Santhals who (2) _____ (lose) their lands under new land rules, became desperate. In 1855, they (3) _____ (rise) in rebellion and massacred Europeans and their supporters alike.

SECTION-B (SUBJECTIVE)

Q.3 (A) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them.

(1x4=4)

But Tilly Smith sensed that something was wrong. Her mind kept going back to a geography lesson she had taken in England just two weeks before she flew out to Thailand with her family.

Tilly saw the sea slowly rise, and start to foam, bubble and form whirlpools. She remembered that she has seen this in class in a video of a tsunami that had hit the Hawaiian Islands in 1946. Her geography teacher had shown her class the video, and told them that tsunami can be caused by earthquakes, volcanoes and landslides.

Tilly started to scream at her family to get off the beach. “She talked about an earthquake under the sea. She got more and more hysterical,” said her mother Penny. “I didn’t know what a tsunami was. But seeing my daughter frightened, I thought something serious must be going on.”

Questions:

1. What did Tilly recall?
2. What are tsunamis caused by?
3. How did Tilly react sensing earthquake under the sea?
4. What made Tilly’s mother think seriously?

(B) Write the meaning and frame sentence with the following idioms. **(1x2=2)**

1. Getting into people’s hair
2. Didn’t beat about the bush

(C) Rewrite as directed. **(1x3=3)**

1. Sanjeev jumped into the water to rescue her, but they were both swept away. (Use ‘even though’)
2. Indian princes were short- sighted. (Turn into Negative)
3. He had an excellent memory. (Turn into Exclamatory)

(D) Change the following dialogue into Indirect Speech. **(3x1=3)**

“Hello”

“Is that Dinesh? This is Bepin here.”

“I just wanted to find out if you recalled an incident which took place in ’58.”

(E) Change the voice of the following. **(1x3=3)**

1. Still you are making mistake.
2. All the time British officers in India drew big salaries.
3. Her grandfather was hit on the head by something and he fell down.

Q.4. (A) Answer the following questions in brief.

(1x3=3)

1. Who was Ignacious? Why did he put his television down on the ground from table?
2. How did the East India Company subdue the Indian princes?
3. Mention any three things that Parimal Ghose knew about Bepin Babu.

(B) Answer the following questions in detail.

(2x3=6)

1. What was Bepin Choudhury's ailment or problem? Was it real or imaginary?
2. How did the British East India Company eventually become the ruler of India? What did they adopt to expand their empire?
3. Give a brief account of how the animals saved themselves when the giant waves hit India and Sri Lanka.

(C) Answer the following questions in one word.

(1x3=3)

1. Who is Paresh Chanda?
2. When did Tsunami hit Thailand and parts of India?
3. Who was Chunilal?

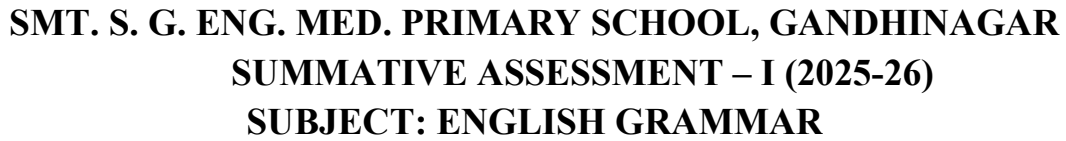
(D) Read the following stanza and answer the questions given below them.

(1x3=3)

When the jet rose six miles high,
It was clear the earth was round
And that it had more sea than land
But it was difficult to understand
That the men on the earth found
Causes to hate each other, to build
Walls across cities and to kill
From that height it was not clear why.

Questions:

1. What became clear to the poet when his jet rose six miles high?
2. What was difficult for the poet to understand?
3. What is the message that the poet wants to convey in the poem?



STD : VIII

MARKS: 60

DATE : 08-10-2025

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION-A (OBJECTIVE)

Q.1 (A) Choose the correct option.

[0.5x8=4]

- The event will begin _____ 10 p.m.
A) at B) in C) on
- People did not start living in this part of the town _____ 1990.
A) until B) beside C) till
- The Minister has been accused _____ taking bribes by a businessman.
A) of B) for C) at
- The Tripathi family is based _____ Toronto.
A) in B) at C) on
- Do you agree _____ me on this issue?
A) with B) to C) for
- Ellie came back _____ the hall.
A) into B) to C) in
- Jeetu's grandfather fell asleep _____ the movie. Perhaps he found the movie to be uninteresting.
A) during B) before C) after
- Tanya has been touring South Africa _____ the last few months.
A) since B) for C) because

(B) Underline the verbs in the following sentences and state if they are transitive or intransitive. [0.5x4=2]

[0.5x4=2]

1. Betty draws pictures of people.
2. He sleeps for only five hours at night.
3. The baby was crying uncontrollably.
4. Chitra and Jagjit sang one of the most unforgettable songs ever.

(C) Indicate whether the word in bold is acting as an adjective or an adverb in each of these sentences. [0.5x6=3]

[0.5x6=3]

1. The **long** journey exhausted me completely.
2. The **late** arrival of the plane made all passengers antsy.
3. Will I be better if I consume the medicine **daily**?
4. Hold this button **tight**, till I tell you to remove your hand.
5. Usnain Bolt runs **fast**.
6. The boy is **short**.

Q-2 (A) Fill in the blanks with the correct conjunction.

[1x6=6]

1. Meeta was furious _____ she did not utter a word.
2. Vanita welcomed the guests _____ ushered them into the hall.
3. Saurabh did not go to work today _____ he was feeling sick.
4. Divya often goes to China _____ he imports a lot of stuff from there.
5. There were hardly any customers at the mall _____ it was a holiday.
6. She was injured _____ she was holidaying at Sri Lanka.

(B) Fill in the gaps with the anagrams of the words in the brackets. Then write if the verb is a gerund, infinitive or participle.

[1x6=6]

1. Misha loves _____ (at kings). She never misses a class.
2. Jerry wants _____ (a tin top) his house.
3. _____ (grab ink) dogs seldom bite.
4. As the teacher walked towards the class he heard the students _____ (innagke) a lot of noise.
5. I strongly advise you _____ (atpoply) for this job.
6. Her favourite pastime is _____ (lisitenng) to music.

Q-3 (A) Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets.

[1x5=5]

1. Om _____ (finish) his work just now. He had been working for a couple of hours.
2. Since Sonia wants to see the garden, I _____ (take) her around.
3. The service at this hotel is horrible. I _____ (never come) back to this hotel.
4. While I _____ (learn) how to play the piano, there was a call for my teacher.
5. It _____ (stop) raining by the time she was ready to leave.

(B) Identify and write the type of tenses in the following sentences.

[1x3=3]

1. Jahangir will be playing gold when you meet him tomorrow.
2. Chetan is writing the biography of an archaeologist.
3. The train arrived on time yesterday.

(C) Create adverbs.

[0.5x2=1]

1. Stupid
2. bossy

SECTION-B (SUBJECTIVE)

Q.4 (A) Read the following sentences and change their tense as directed. [1x4=4]

1. She works as a receptionist. (Change into past continuous tense)
2. The amusement park will open at nine. (Change into simple present tense)
3. If you do not rush, you are going to be late in reaching the school.
(Change into future tense)
4. We buy vegetables from the market. (Change into present perfect tense)

(B) Do as directed. [1x3=3]

1. What you intend to do when you visit the local shopping mall?
(Give answer using model 'will')
2. What people driving vehicles on the road should not do?
(Give answer using model 'should')
3. What may happen if the pollution level rose to still higher level?
(Give answer using model 'may')

Q-5 (A) Join these pairs of sentences using correlative conjunctions. [1x5=5]

1. He wants to step down from the post of Secretary. He does not want to be a puppet at the hands of the members. (would rather...then)
2. Lata does not eat meat. She does not eat eggs. (neither...nor)
3. Lopa won the Miss Congeniality Award. Lopa won the Miss Expressive Award.
(not only...but also)
4. We reached the theatre. The tickets were sold out. (hardly...when)
5. Pragya came in from work. Her pet dog Sultan began to pester her for a walk in the park. (no sooner...than)

(B) Writes a notice informing students of classes 6 to 8 about the upcoming inter-school drama competition. Give the necessary details. [3x1=3]

Q-6 (A) You have lost your school I-card. Write an application to the principal of your school requesting him to issue a new I-card to you. [4x1=4]

OR

Write a letter to the curator of a museum to permit your class to visit the museum next week.

(B) Read the given passage carefully and then answers the questions that follow. [1x5=5]

The culture of nuclear families is in fashion. Parents are often heard complaining about the difficulties in bringing up children these days. Too much of freedom in demand, too much independence; over night parties; excessive extravagance, splurging pocket money; no time for studies and family all this is a common cry of such families. Aren't parents, themselves, responsible for this pitiful state? The basic need of a growing youth is the family, love, attention and bonding along with moral values. One should not forget that 'charity begins at home.'

Independence and individuality both need to be respected, in order to maintain the sanctity of family. Children, today are to be handled with tact in order to bridge the ever widening generation gap. Only the reasonable demands need to be fulfilled, as there are too many expenses to be met and top many social obligations to be taken care of by the parents. Our forefathers lived happily in joint families. Children loved to live with their cousins, learnt to adjust within means. There was perfect harmony between the generations. There never existed the concept of old-age homes. There was deep respect for the family elders and love, care and concern for the youngsters. Even the minor family differences were solved amicably.

Answer the following questions briefly:

1. Mention any two major common concerns of a nuclear family.
2. Who, according to the passage, are responsible for them ?
3. Explain the expression 'charity begins at home'.
4. Describe the atmosphere in joint families.
5. Which word in the passage means 'Holiness of life'?

Q-7 (A) Write an essay on any one topic in 200-250 words.

[4x1=4]

1. My dream school
2. Good manner

(B) Describe the picture in your own words.

[1x2=2]





SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: SCIENCE



STD : VIII

MARKS: 60

DATE : 4-10-2025

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION A (OBJECTIVE)

Q.1 [A] Choose the correct option.

[0.5x6=3]

1. How many nucleus are there in zygote?
a) 0 b) 1 c) 3 d) 4
2. Which tall trees are seen in Satpura forest?
a) Neem b) Banyan c) Wild Mango d) Teak
3. Which of the following is not used as fire extinguisher?
a) Water b) O₂ c) CO₂ d) Sand
4. Which of the following is not an antibiotic?
a) Streptomycin b) Penicillin c) Tetracycline d) Aspirin
5. Which of the following microorganisms have chlorophyll?
a) Virus b) Bacteria c) Algae d) Protozoa
6. Which of the following is a non-combustible substance?
a) Petrol b) Glass c) Wood d) Paper

[B] Fill in the blanks.

[0.5x6=3]

1. Blue green algae fix _____ directly from air and enhance the fertility of soil.
2. For combustion _____ gas must be present.
3. _____ is restocking of the destroyed trees in forest.
4. Babies born through IVF technique are called _____ babies.
5. _____ is a group of population which is capable of interbreeding.
6. Edward Jenner discovered the vaccine for _____.

[C] State whether the following statements are true or false.

[0.5x6=3]

1. A zygote is formed as a result of fertilisation.
2. Satpura National Park is the third protected forest in India.
3. The calorific value of dung cake is very low.
4. Rust of wheat is caused by bacteria.
5. When coal is burnt flame is produced.
6. Natural balance is disturbed due to deforestation.

[D] Match the following.

[0.5x6=3]

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Milk | a) One every month |
| 2. Petrol | b) National Park |
| 3. Kaziranga | c) Liquid Fuel |
| 4. Ovum | d) Pasteurisation |
| 5. Sperm | e) Baking of bread |
| 6. Yeast | f) Millions in number |

Q.2 [A] Answer the following questions in one word.

[1x6=6]

1. Who discovered the Bacillus Anthracis bacterium?
2. What is the chemical process in which a substance reacts with oxygen producing energy called?
3. What are the birds fly to far away areas because of climatic change called?
4. Which microorganisms cause tuberculosis?
5. In which organ are male gamete produced?
6. With what a person should be covered whose clothes catches fire?

[B] Give two examples of each of the following.

[1x4=4]

1. Viviparous animals.
2. Diseases caused by Virus.
3. Wildlife Sanctuaries
4. Gaseous Fuels

[C] Classify the following as following micoorganisms into Bacteria, Fungi, Algae and Protozoa.

[0.5x8=4]

[Anabena, Penicillium, Mucur, Nostoc, Pseudomonas,
Plasmodium, Lactobacillus, Amoeba]

SECTION B (SUBJECTIVE)

Q.3 [A] Define the following.

[1x4=4]

1. Fermentation
2. Calorific Value
3. Food poisoning
4. Inflamable substances

[B] Answer the following in short.

[1x6=6]

1. State the commercial use of microorganisms.
2. What should be done to control fire?
3. What is 'Project Tiger'?
4. What is internal fertilisation?
5. What is meant by biodiversity?
6. Why are holes kept at the lower part of a lantern or a gas stove?

[C] Answer the following questions in detail. [Any 2]

[2x3=6]

1. How should we protect our wildlife?
2. What is acid rain? State its effects.
3. How is vaccine helpful to prevent the occurrence of disease?

Q.4 [A] Write a short note on 'Methods of Food Preservation'.

[1x3=3]

[B] Explain giving Scientific reasons.[Any 2]

[2x2=4]

1. Food should always be covered.
2. Animals like fish lay hundreds of eggs and release millions of sperm.
3. Recycling of paper should be done.

[C] Write the difference between [Any 2]

[2x2=4]

1. Endangered Species and Extinct Species.
2. Asexual reproduction and Sexual reproduction
3. Fungus and Algae

Q.5 [A] Draw a labelled diagram of 'a candle flame'.

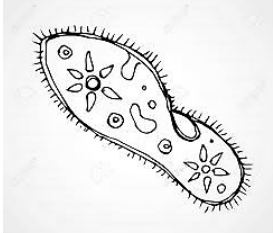
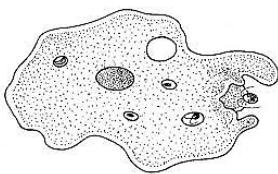
[1x2=2]

[B] Write an experiment to prove that air is necessary for combustion.

[1x2=2]

[C] Identify the organisms and write the method by which they reproduce.

[1x3=3]

1.	2.	3.
		



SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS



STD : VIII

DATE :6-10-2025

MARKS: 60

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION-A [OBJECTIVE]

Q -1 (A) Choose the correct option.

[1 × 8 = 8]

- 1) Polygons that have no portions of their diagonals in their exteriors are called:
(a) Squares (b) Triangles (c) Convex (d) Concave
- 2) Each exterior angle of a regular hexagon is of measure:
(a) 120° (b) 80° (c) 100° (d) 60°
- 3) The number of sides in a regular polygon is 15, then measure of each exterior angle is:
(a) 24° (b) 36° (c) 20° (d) 18°
- 4) Which least number should be subtracted from 402 so as to get a perfect square?
(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 6 (d) 3
- 5) 7 is the cube root of _____.
(a) 343 (b) 729 (c) 629 (d) 81
- 6) What will be the number of digits in the square root of 25600?
(a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 5 (d) 4
- 7) How many zeros will be there in the cube of 80?
(a) 3 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) 2
- 8) How much is the probability of getting a Tail on tossing a coin
(a) $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{8}$ (d) $\frac{1}{8}$

(B) Fill in the blanks. (Show calculation where necessary)

[1 × 8 = 8]

- 1) The diagonals of a rhombus bisect each other at angles.
- 2) A simple closed curve made up of only is called a polygon.
- 3) The sum of first seven odd numbers = ...
- 4) Cube of a number ending 2 will end in the digit
- 5) The digit at unit's place of square of 245 = ...
- 6) The information collected in terms of number is called
- 7) The square of 21 is
- 8) A perfect square can be expressed as the product of prime factors.

Q-2 (A) State whether the following statements are true or false. Also correct the incorrect statement.

[1 × 8 = 8]

- 1) All rhombus are squares.
- 2) The cube of a two-digit number may be a three-digit number.
- 3) All kites are Rhombus.
- 4) The sum of central angles of a sector in a pie chart is 0° .
- 5) The square of odd number is always even.
- 6) The cube of odd number is odd.
- 7) There is no perfect square ending with 2.
- 8) 137 is a perfect square number.

(B) Do as directed: (Show calculation) (Any Six)

[1 × 6 = 6]

- 1) What is Convex Polygon?
- 2) Write properties of square.
- 3) Find the square of 32 without actual multiplication.
- 4) Find the non-square numbers between 14^2 and 15^2 .
- 5) Express 36 as sum of 6 odd numbers.
- 6) Find the square root by repeated subtraction method: 25
- 7) Find the cube root of 216
- 8) Find the number of diagonal of Pentagon.

SECTION-B [SUBJECTIVE]

Q-3 (A) Do as directed: (Show calculation) (Any Eight)

[2 × 8 = 16]

- 1) Find the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon having 6 sides?
- 2) The angles of a quadrilateral whose all angles are equal. Find the measure of each angle.
- 3) How many sides does a regular polygon have if the measure of an exterior angle is 60° ?
- 4) Find the smallest number by which 256 be multiplied to make it a perfect cube.
- 5) Find the smallest number by which 2028 must be divided to obtain a perfect square.
- 6) In a right angle triangle PQR, right angled at Q, PR = 10 cm, QR = 8 cm, then find PQ.
- 7) Write the properties of the Trapezium.
- 8) Find the smallest number must be subtracted 825 to make it perfect square number.
- 9) Which is the smallest square number that is divisible by each of the number 8, 15 and 20?

(B) Solve the following: (Any Three)

[3 × 3 = 9]

- 1) Find the Pythagorean Triplet of 18
- 2) Find the cube root of 512000 by prime factorization method.
- 3) Find the square root by Long Division Method: 6689
- 4) What is to be subtracted from 3250 to make it a perfect square number? Also find the square root of the number so obtain.
- 5) A gardener has 1000 plants. He wants to plant these in such a way that the number of rows and the number of column remain the same. Find the minimum number of plants he needs more for this.

Q-4 (A) Draw a pie chart showing the numbers of Marks obtained in different subject by

Rahul of Grade VIII from the data given below.

[5 x 1 = 5]

<i>Subject</i>	<i>Mathematics</i>	<i>Science</i>	<i>Gujarati</i>	<i>Hindi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>
<i>Year 2025-26</i>	<i>36</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>9</i>

OR

(A) Draw a Bar graph showing the number of Marks obtained in different subject by

Mitesh of Grade 8 from the data given below. (Scale : 1 cm = 10 Marks)

<i>Subject</i>	<i>Mathematics</i>	<i>Science</i>	<i>Gujarati</i>	<i>Hindi</i>	<i>Sanskrit</i>
<i>Year 2025-26</i>	<i>65</i>	<i>70</i>	<i>60</i>	<i>45</i>	<i>55</i>



SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE



STD : VIII

DATE : 13-10-2025

MARKS: 60

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION – A (OBJECTIVE)

Q. 1 [A] Choose the correct answer: -

[0.5 x 20 = 10]

1. Who had implemented 'Permanent Settlement' in India?
a) Lord William Bentinck b) Lord Cornwallis
c) Lord Hastings d) Lord Wellesley
2. In which two provinces was the Ryotwari system introduced in AD 1820?
a) Gujarat & Rajasthan b) Mumbai & Madras
c) Delhi & Calcutta d) Calcutta & Madras
3. In which area of South Bihar was the effect of 'Ulgulan Revolt' seen?
a) Motihari b) Hazaribagh
c) Purniya d) Chhota Nagpur
4. At which place did the War of Independence of 1857 commence?
a) Kanpur b) Jhansi
c) Meerut d) Lucknow
5. Who undertook the leadership of the First War of Independence in Gujarat?
a) Malaji Joshi b) Jivabhai Thakore
c) Krishnadas Dave d) Garbaddas Mukhi
6. Who called the War of Independence of 1857 as the 'India's First War of Independence'?
a) Vasudev Balwant Fadke b) Vinayak Damodar Savarkar
c) Barindranath Ghosh d) Ramprasad Bismil
7. Who started the 'Swadeshi' movement as part of the freedom movement?
a) Vinoba Bhave b) Kasturba
c) Mahatma Gandhi d) Ravishankar Maharaj
8. The establishment of which organisation give a new direction to the iron and steel industry in India?
a) Indian Institute of Arts b) Indian Institute of Management
c) Indian Institute of Science d) Indian Commercial Institute
9. Where was the crude oil found first in Gujarat?
a) Ankleshwar, Bharuch b) Lunej, Anand
c) Kadi, Mahesana d) Navagam, Narmada

- In which village of Patan district of Gujarat is the solar park of 590 MW capacity located?

a) Vagdod	b) Charanka
c) Aghar	d) Varahi
- Which type of soil is formed in the areas of severe erosion due to excessive rainfall in India?

a) Alluvial	b) Laterite
c) Red	d) Black
- What is the other name of ‘Jhoom farming’?

a) Subsistence farming	b) Dry farming
c) Shifting farming	d) Plantation farming
- Which district in Gujarat produces maximum groundnut?

a) Rajkot	b) Patan
c) Surendranagar	d) Junagadh
- Who was the chief advisor of the Constitution’s drafting committee?

a) Dr. B R Ambedkar	b) B N Rau
c) K M Munshi	d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- Who had referred ‘the Right to Constitutional Remedies’ as ‘the Soul of the Constitution’?

a) Pt. Nehru	b) S V Patel
c) Dr. B R Ambedkar	d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- Section 51 A consists _____.

a) Fundamental Rights	b) DPSP
c) Fundamental Duties	d) None of these
- Under which fundamental right, a tribe of Manipur can conserve their language, dialect, etc.?

a) Right to Freedom
b) Right to Freedom of Religion
c) Right to Protection against Exploitation
d) Cultural and Educational Rights
- What is the term of the Council of the States?

a) 6 years	b) 5 years
c) 4 years	d) none
- Which one of the following is not included in the Parliament?

a) Governor	b) the Council of the States
c) President	d) the House of the People
- Mr. Ganesh Vasudev Malvankar: the Lok Sabha :: ? : the Rajya Sabha.

a) C Rajgopalachari	b) Pt. Nehru
c) S V Patel	d) Dr. S Radhakrishnan

[B] Match the following: -

[0.5 x 14 = 07]

A	B
1. Khond	A. 1 st Deputy PM of India
2. Dwarka	B. Hilly region of Punjab.
3. Ranchhodlal Rentiawala	C. Expertise of Indian Metallurgy.
4. Lamba	D. Biogas plants, Daskori Taluka of Ahmedabad
5. Banaskantha	E. Jodha & Mulu Manek
6. Pandarwada	F. Rubber trees
7. Preamble	G. Highest production of millet
8. Van gujjar	H. Leader from Bihar during 1 st war of Independence.
9. Rudatal	I. Basic structure of Constitution
10. Horticulture	J. Mahisagar
11. Mrs. Pratibha Patil	K. Wind farm
12. Kunwar Singh	L. 1 st Cotton mill, at Ahmedabad in 1861.
13. S V Patel	M. 1 st Woman President of India
14. Wootz Steel	N. Central India

Q.2 [A] Fill in the blanks: -

[01 x 06 = 06]

1. The construction of New Delhi took almost _____ years.
2. The Industrial Revolution started in India in the _____ industry.
3. Lignite coal is found in _____ region of Kachchh district.
4. The red colour of red soil is due to the presence of _____ in the soil.
5. The Constitution day is observed on _____ day.
6. The _____ is the first citizen of India.

[B] Write [T] if the following statements are 'True' or [F] if they are 'False':

[1 x 7 = 07]

1. In 'Nij' system, farmers would use their own ploughs, oxen, and tools to cultivate and produce indigo.
2. The British had levied taxes on prosperities of temples and gurudwaras.
3. The 'Fort William' colony developed in the region of present-day Chennai city with the passage of time.
4. Brass is made by adding tin in copper.
5. With the effect of 61st amendment, the voting age was reduced to 18 from 21 years.
6. Sarojini Naidu was the only female representative in the Constituent Assembly.
7. On 10th December, 1948, 30 Human Rights were declared by UNGA.

SECTION – B (SUBJECTIVE)

Q.3 [A] Answer in one or two sentences:

[01 x 03 = 03]

1. Which regions were subjugated by Dalhousie through doctrine of lapse?
2. Why is the crude oil called 'Black Gold'?
3. What is democracy?

[B] Answer the following question in brief:

[02 x 05 = 10]

1. What was the main provision of the Ryotwari System?
2. Ahmedabad was known as the 'Manchester' of India. Give reason.
3. 'The use of non-conventional resources will have to be increased in the future.'
Explain the statement.
4. How does the government help the farmers to develop agriculture?
5. Rights and duties are like two sides of a coin. Explain

Q. 4 Answer the following question in detail:

[03 x 03 = 09]

1. Describe the development of India's iron and steel industry after the First World War.
2. Write short notes on the drip irrigation system.
3. Write short notes on the Parliament.

Q. 5 Answer the following question in detail:

[04 x 02 = 8]

1. Write the reasons for the failure of the 1857 War of Independence.

OR

1. Write a detailed note on the Prime Minister's Powers and functions.
2. Locate the following in the political map of India:
 - a. One region of Uranium.
 - b. One region of Bauxite.
 - c. Wheat Bowl of India
 - d. Long stringed Cotton producing region

* * *



SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: HINDI



STD : VIII

DATE : 7-10-2025

MARKS: 60

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION: A (OBJECTIVES)

प्र.१ सूचना अनुसार लिखिए ।

- १) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से संज्ञा ढूँढकर प्रकार लिखिए । (१x२=२)
 (१) अंजना भय के कारण बस में नहीं गई ।
 (२) हिमालय ऊँचा पर्वत हैं ।
- २) निम्नलिखित शब्दों का वचन परिवर्तन कीजिए । (०.५x४=२)
 (१) भाषा (२) कमरा
 (३) डाली (४) पंडित
- ३) निम्नलिखित शब्द समूह के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए । (०.५x४=२)
 (१) शल्यचिकित्सा में पारंगत (२) बड़ें भाग्यवाला
 (३) दूसरो को त्रास देनेवाला (४) चोट खाया हुआ
- ४) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए । (०.५x४=२)
 (१) प्रशिक्षण (२) वेदना
 (३) खाका (४) ओट
- ५) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से सर्वनाम ढूँढकर प्रकार लिखिए । (१x२=२)
 (१) मैं अपने आप खाना खा लूँगा।
 (२) हम उध्यान में खेलेंगे।
- ६) निम्नलिखित मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए । (१x२=२)
 (१) अस्तित्व को साकार करना
 (२) परंपराओं की बेड़ी को पार करना
- ७) निम्नलिखित वाक्य पढ़कर काल बताइए । (१x२=२)
 (१) हम कल सुरत गए थे ।
 (२) आज मैं बीमार हूँ ।
 (३) कल आपको मेरे घर आना हैं ।
 (४) तुम कल कहाँ थे ?

८) निम्नलिखित शब्दों को उपसर्ग लगाकर शब्द फिर से लिखिए ।

(०.५x४=२)

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| (१) ज्ञान | (२) देश |
| (३) मोल | (४) गुण |

प्र.२ (अ) निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से सही विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर लिखिए।

(०.५x४ =२)

१) डॉकटरी सेवा देकर दीपकभाई ----- में सदा के लिए अमरीका चले गए।

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (अ) 1960 | (ब) 1970 |
| (क) 1980 | (ड) 1965 |

२) पहली तपस्विनी का नाम -----था ।

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| (अ) सावित्री | (ब) ममता |
| (क) सुव्रता | (ड) यशोधरा |

३) 'भरत' की माता का नाम क्या था ?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| (अ) यशोधरा | (ब) शकुंतला |
| (क) सुव्रता | (ड) देवकी |

४) 'माँ कह एक कहानी' काव्य के कवि कौन है ?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (अ) जयशंकर प्रसाद | (ब) मेथेलीशरण गुप्त |
| (क) प्रेमचंदजी | (ड) डॉ. कोकिला पारेख |

(ब) निम्नलिखित काव्य पंक्ति पूर्ण कीजिए ।

(४x१=४)

नूतन मंगलमय ध्वनियों से -----नवयुग का आह्वान करो ।

प्र.३ (अ) निम्नलिखित रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए ।

(१x४=४)

(१) भवन के फाटक के कमरे को ----- कहते हैं ।

(२) हुमायूँ के पुत्र -----ने उसकी याद में गगनचुंबी मंदिर बनवाया ।

(३) गौतमबुद्ध के पुत्र का नाम -----था ।

(४) सुनीता विलियम्स के पिता का जन्म -----देश में हुआ था ।

(ब) निम्नलिखित वाक्य कौन किसे कहते हैं लिखिए ।

(१x४=४)

(१) "हे ! बड़ भागी यह ऋषि कुमार नहीं हैं । "

(२) "तू है हठी, मानधन मेरे ।"

(३) " माता ! तो में यहाँ से से चला जाऊँ ?"

(४) " हैं भगवान! विपद के लिए इतना आयोजन । "

SECTION: B (SUBJECTIVES)

प्र.४ (अ) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक दो वाक्य में लिखिए ।

(१×६=६)

- १) "अंतरिक्षपरी सुनीता विलियम्स" प्रस्तुत इकाई में हमें किस बात का गर्व है ?
- २) "माँ कह एक कहानी" कथा काव्य का सार क्या है?
- ३) अकबर ने अष्टकोण मंदिर कब और कहाँ बनवाया ?
- ४) सुनीता पंडया सुनीता विलियम्स कैसे बनी ?
- ५) माँ से कहानी सुनकर पुत्रने क्या निर्णय सुनाया ?
- ६) सुनीता को पूरे विश्व की बेटी क्यों कहा गया है ?

(ब) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर विस्तार से लिखिए ।

(२×३=६)

- १) भाषा के विषय में डॉ. कलाम ने क्या बताया ?
- २) दुष्प्रत ने पुरुवंशीय जीवन की कौन सी दो रीतियाँ बताई ?
- ३) घोड़े पर सवार होते हुए पथिक मिरज़ा से क्या कहा ?

(क) निम्नलिखित विषय में से किसी एक के विषय पर संक्षिप्त टिप्पणी लिखिए ।

(१×२=२)

- १) ममता
- २) सर्वदमन

प्र.-५ (अ) आपकी मनपसंद कंपनी का स्वास्थ्यवर्धक बिस्कुट का विज्ञापन लेखन कीजिए ।

(१×२=२)

(ब) आपके विद्यालय में मनाए गए गरबा प्रतियोगिता के विषय में प्रतिवेदन लेखन कीजिए ।

(१×२=२)

(क) प्रातः कालीन सैर के महत्व को बताते हुए छोटे भाई को पत्र लिखिए ।

(१×३=३)

अथवा

(क) दिए गए मुद्दों के आधार पर कहानी लेखन कीजिए।

कार में बैठते हुए शेठ का बटुआ गिरना – एक गरीब बच्चे को बटुआ मिलना – बटुआ शेठ को वापस देना – 'समाचार पत्र' में खबर – शेठ का बच्चे के लिए खुश होना – सच्चाई पर खुश – उस विद्यार्थी को पढ़ाई का खर्च देना – बड़ा होने पर नौकरी देना – शीर्षक

प्र-६ (अ) निम्नलिखित गद्यांश पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर से लिखिए ।

(१×४=४)

मित्रता हमारे जीवन का एक बहुत ही महत्वपूर्ण हिस्सा है, क्योंकि सच्चा मित्र वही होता है जो अच्छे और बुरे समय में हमारा साथ देता है। जीवन में हर किसी को सुख और दुःख दोनों का सामना करना पड़ता है और ऐसे समय में एक सच्चा मित्र हमें हिम्मत और साहस देता है। मित्रता केवल दोस्ती नहीं होती, बल्कि यह विश्वास, समझ और सम्मान पर आधारित होती है। अच्छे मित्र हमारे साथ खुशियाँ बाँटते हैं, मुश्किल समय में हमें सही रास्ता दिखाते हैं और हमारी गलतियों से सीखने में मदद करते हैं। इसी तरह, जीवन में अच्छे और सही निर्णय लेने में भी मित्र मददगार होते हैं। सच्ची मित्रता में ईमानदारी, समझदारी और सहानुभूति होना बहुत जरूरी है। मित्र को खुशियों और परेशानियों में हमेशा उनका साथ देना चाहिए। मित्रता सिर्फ आनंद और खुशी देने वाली चीज नहीं है, बल्कि यह हमें जिम्मेदार, अनुशासित और बेहतर इंसान बनाती है। इसलिए हमें अपने मित्रों के प्रति सम्मान और प्यार बनाए रखना चाहिए और सच्चे मित्रों की हमेशा कद्र करनी चाहिए, क्योंकि सच्चा मित्र जीवन को खुशहाल और आसान बनाता है।

प्रश्न

- 1) गद्यांश के अनुसार सच्चा मित्र कौन होता है ?
- 2) जीवन में कठिन समय में मित्र किस प्रकार मदद करते हैं
- 3) मित्रता सिर्फ आनंद और खुशी देने वाली चीज नहीं है, तो और क्या सिखाती है?
- 4) गद्यांश को योग्य शीर्षक दीजिए।

(ब) निम्नलिखित विषय में से किसी एक विषय पर निबंध लेखन कीजिए।

(१×५=५)

- 1) परोपकार
- 2) भारत के त्यौहार का महत्व



SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: GUJARATI



STD : VIII

DATE :11-10-2025

MARKS: 60

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION – A (OBJECTIVE)

પ્ર-૧ (અ) નીચેનાં પશ્ચોનાં જવાબ આપેલાં વિકલ્પોમાંથી શોધીને લખો. (0.૫ x ૧૦= ૫)

- (૧) ‘મારી વ્યાયામ સાધના ‘ પાઠના લેખકને શું કરવાનું ગમતું ન હતું ?
 (અ) કસરત (બ) ગૃહકાર્ય (ક) રમવા (ડ) જમવા
- (૨) મધમાખી મધ શેના રસથી બનાવે છે ?
 (અ) ઝાડ (બ) ફૂલો (ક) ઘાસ (ડ) વેલા
- (૩) મધમાખીઓ મધ એકઠું કરવાની સાથે કઈ ક્રિયા કરે છે?
 (અ) કરડવાની (બ) ફરવાની (ક) પરાગનયનની (ડ) નૃત્ય કરવાની
- (૪) બાના વાડાને લેખક કયા નામે ઓળખાવે છે ?
 (અ) ફૂલવાડી (બ) બાગ (ક) ખેતર (ડ) ઔષધાલય
- (૫) નીચેનામાંથી કોને આદિકવિ કહેવામાં આવે છે?
 (અ) નરસિંહ મહેતા (બ) પ્રેમાનંદને (ક) કલાપીને (ડ) દયારામને
- (૬) ‘મારી વ્યાયામ સાધના’ પાઠના લેખકે કુસ્તીમાં કોને હરાવ્યા?
 (અ) ઉસ્તાદ (બ) પહેલવાન (ક) વડીલ (ડ) સંચાલક
- (૭) સ્વખિલને શરીરનાં કયા ભાગમાં ગાંઠ હતી.
 (અ) પેટ (બ) પગ (ક) મગજ (ડ) હાથ
- (૮) ‘જબરી મધમાખી’ પાઠનો પ્રકાર કયો છે?
 (અ) વાર્તા (બ) નવલિકા (ક) નિબંધ (ડ) વિસ્મય કથા
- (૯) ‘બાનો વાડો’ પાઠના લેખકનું નામ શું છે?
 (અ) પ્રવીણ દરજી (બ) હરીશ નાયક (ક) મકરંદ દવે (ડ) શ્રીમાતાજી
- (૧૦) બા શાના વિના ઝુરાપો અનુભવતાં હતાં?
 (અ) બાળકો (બ) વાડો (ક) વતન (ડ) લેખક

(બ) નીચેનાં વિધાનોમાંથી ખરા વિધાન સામે ✓ ની અને ખોટા વિધાન સામે X ની નિશાની કરો :

(0.૫ x ૬=3)

- (૧) નરસિંહ મહેતા આઠ વર્ષની ઉંમર સુધી બોલતાં શીખ્યા નહોતા.
- (૨) બાનું જીવન અને મુક્તિ જે ગણો તે વાડો રહ્યો છે.
- (૩) મધ બે-ત્રણ વરસમાં બગડી જાય છે.
- (૪) સ્વખિલને મધમાખીની ભાષા આવડતી હતી.
- (૫) ‘મારી વ્યાયામસાધના’ પાઠના લેખક જ્યોતીન્દ્ર દવેનું શરીર હૃષ્ટપુષ્ટ અને મજબૂત હતું.

(ક) જે વનસ્પતિનાં ફૂલોમાંથી મધ એકઠું થાય એ જે-તે વનસ્પતિના ગુણ ધારણ કરે છે.

(ક) કૌંસમાં આપેલા શબ્દોમાંથી યોગ્ય શબ્દ પસંદ કરીને ખાલી જગ્યા પૂરો. (0.૫ x ૬=૩)

[ઝૂલણા, પતંગિયા, મહેનતુ, મધપૂડા, જીરવી, પ્રભાતિયા]

(૧) સ્વપ્નિલ રોજ સવારે _____ ની માખીઓને નિહાળતો.

(૨) મધમાખી ખૂબ _____ જીવ છે.

(૩) બા સમયને _____ ગઈ, જીતી ગઈ.

(૪) બાની નજર પુષ્પે પુષ્પે _____ ની જેમ ઊડઊડ કરતી.

(૫) રેડિયો કે ટીવી પરથી નરસિંહનાં _____ પ્રસારિત થતાં હોય છે.

(૬) નરસિંહ મહેતાએ _____ છંદમાં અનેક રચનાઓ કરી હતી.

પ્ર-૨ (અ) નીચે આપેલાં શબ્દોની જોડણી સુધારીને લખો. (0.૫ x ૬ = ૩)

(૧) સ્તુતી

(૨) શક્તી

(૩) મજબુત

(૪) ફૂંડી

(૫) શીવાલય

(૬) બાપૂજી

(બ) નીચે આપેલાં શબ્દોનાં સમાનાર્થી અર્થ લખો.

(0.૫ x ૬ = ૩)

(૧) મોસાળું

(૨) પરાગકણ

(૩) ખેરાત

(૪) દુન્યવી

(૫) આદિ

(૬) શક્ટ

(ક) નીચે આપેલાં શબ્દોનાં વિરોધી અર્થ લખો.

(0.૫ x ૪ = ૨)

(૧) અજ્ઞાન

(૨) નિર્બળ

(૩) અસ્પષ્ટ

(૪) વ્યવસ્થિત

પ્ર-૩ (અ) નીચે આપેલા તબીબીને લગતા ખાસ શબ્દોના અર્થ જણાવો :

(0.૫ x ૪ = ૨)

(૧) કાર્ડિયોલોજિસ્ટ

(૨) રેડિયોલોજિસ્ટ

(૩) ઓર્થોપેડિક

(૪) યુરોલોજિસ્ટ

(બ) નીચે આપેલાં શબ્દ સમૂહ માટે એક શબ્દ લખો.

(0.૫ x ૬ = ૩)

(૧) કોઈને જોઈને તે પ્રમાણે કરવું તે

(૨) સુખ અને દુઃખ

(૩) પાર વિનાની સુગંધ

(૪) ચાંલ્લા વગેરેમાં વપરાતું લાલ દ્રવ્ય

(૫) ફરજિયાત સહવાસ કે સંબંધમાં આવવું પડે એવી દશા

(૬) ગામમાં સહુને બેસવાની જગા

પ્ર-૪ (અ) નીચેનાં આપેલાં રૂઢિપ્રયોગ અર્થ આપી વાક્યમાં પ્રયોગ કરો .

(૧ x ૪ = ૪)

(૧) ધસી આવવું

(૨) જીવ ઊંચા થવો.

(૩) આંખ ભીની થઈ જવી.

(૪) કાન ભંભેરણી કરવી.

(બ) નીચેનાં વાક્યો કોણ બોલે છે તે કહો.

(0.૫ x ૪ = ૨)

- (૧) “તમને ખબર છે મધ દવા તરીકે પણ ઉપયોગી છે?”
- (૨) “પરસેવો થાય ત્યાં સુધી”
- (૩) “ઠીક ત્યારે કુસ્તીના કોડ પૂરા કર.”
- (૪) “બારી ખુલ્લી રાખો તો મને સારું લાગે”

SECTION – B (SUBJECTIVE)

પ્ર-૫ (અ) નીચે આપેલાં પશ્ચોનાં જવાબ એક વાક્યમાં લખો.

(૧ x ૫= ૫)

- (૧) નૃત્યની ઝડપ દ્વારા ભમતી મધમાખી શું સૂચવે છે?
- (૨) લગ્ન વખતે મંડપ માટે રોપાતો થંભને શું કહે છે ?
- (૩) બા દેખાવે કેવાં હતાં?
- (૪) નરસિંહ મહેતાનો જન્મ ક્યાં થયો હતો?
- (૫) લેખક જાતે જ ચિત્ર ન થઈ ગયા હોત તો શું થાત ?

(બ) નીચેનાં પશ્ચોના જવાબ એક મુદાસર વાક્યમાં લખો.

(૨ x ૪= ૮)

- (૧) લેખકે એમના હાથના ગોટલાને પાકી કેરી જેવો શા માટે કહ્યો ?
- (૨) સ્વપ્નિલને મધમાખી વિશે જાણવાની ઇચ્છા કેમ થઈ હશે?
- (૩) બાને બહાર જવું કેમ ગમતું નથી?
- (૪) ગુજરાતમાં નરસિંહ મહેતાના નામે ક્યાં ક્યાં સ્થળો આવેલાં છે

પ્ર-૬ (અ) નીચે આપેલાં વિષયોમાંથી ગમે તે એક વિષય પર આશરે ૧૦૦ શબ્દોમાં નિબંધ લખો.

(૧ x ૪= ૪)

- (૧) સ્વસ્થ જીવનની ચાવી - વ્યાયામ
- (૨) મારો દેશ ભારત

(બ) ઉનાળાની રજાઓ તમે કેવી રીતે પસાર કરવાના છો તે જણાવતો પત્ર તમારા મિત્ર ને પત્ર લખો.

(૧ x ૪= ૪)

(ક) તમારી શાળામાં રક્ષાબંધન ઉજવણી પર અહેવાલ લખો.

(૧ x ૨= ૨)

પ્ર-૭ (અ) મેળાની જાહેરાત લખો.

(૧ x ૨= ૨)

(બ) નીચેનાં ગદ્યખંડને વાંચી પશ્ચોનાં જવાબ લખો.

(૧ x ૩ = ૩)

ભગવાને આ માનવરૂપી દેહમાં બધીજ શક્તિઓ આપી છે, અને મન એ તો આ બધાને સાથે લઈ આપણને જીવનમાં આગળ વધવા પ્રેરિત કરે છે. કહેવાય છે કે માણસના જીવનમાં અમુક પરિસ્થિતિ એવી આવે છે કે મન ડગમગી જાય છે. પણ જો એ સમયે થોડી ધીરજ રાખી આગળનું ચિત્ર વિચારો તો કદાચ કંઈક નવો રસ્તો મળી શકે. માણસ ધારે તો જીવનમાં બધું જ મેળવી શકે છે અને જો મક્કમતાના હોય તો ગુમાવી શકે છે. એટલે તો કહેવાય છે કે "સુખમાં છલકાવું નહિ, દુઃખમાં ગભરાવું નહીં".

જેમ દરિયો પોતાના પેટાળમાં બધું જ સમાવી લે છે પછી એ સારું હોયકે ખરાબ ત્યારે જતો દરિયાની બરાબરી કોઈ કરી શકતું નથી. પણ જ્યારે દરિયો પોતાની માજા મૂકે તો

વિનાશ સર્જી દે છે. તેવી જ રીતે જો આપણે આપણી શક્તિઓનો અને બુદ્ધિનો સમજીને અને વિચારીને સદઉપયોગ કરીએ તો દરેક શિખર સર કરી શકીએ છીએ અને યશ-કીર્તિપ્રાપ્ત કરી શકીએ છીએ, પણ જો એ ન સમજીએ તો જીવનમાં વિપરીત પરિસ્થિતિ પણ આવી શકે છે. એટલે જ જીવન એ એક મેદાન છે અને આપણે બધા ખેલાડીઓ છીએ. જીતશે એ જ સમજશે અને પછી રમશે. માટે જીવનમાં જો બધું ખોઈ બેસો તો પણ મનની મક્કમતા ક્યારે પણ ના ખોવી જોઈએ, કેમકે વ્યક્તિ ત્યારે જ હારે છે જ્યારે તે મનથી હારી જાય છે. અને આના લીધે આપણે એક આદર્શ જીવન જીવી શકીએ છીએ, જીવનની રમત જીતી શકીએ છીએ.

(૧) ભગવાને આપણાં દેહમાં શું આપ્યું છે?

(૨) આપણું મન ડગમગી જાય ત્યારે શું કરવું જોઈએ?

(૩) આ ગદ્યાંશમાંથી તમને શું બોધ મળ્યો?

(૬) નીચે આપેલું ચિત્ર જોઈ ચાર-પાંચ વાક્યો લખો.

(૧ x ૨ = ૨)





SMT. S. G. ENG. MED. PRIMARY SCHOOL, GANDHINAGAR
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – I (2025-26)
SUBJECT: SANSKRIT



STD : VIII

DATE :9-10-2025

MARKS: 60

TIME: 2.00 hrs.

INSTRUCTION: Attempt all the questions given in the question paper. Read the questions carefully.

SECTION-A (OBJECTIVE)

Q-1 (A) Match the followings.

(0.5x6=3)

A	B
1. नवनवतिः	७६
2. षट्सप्ततिः	९९
3. नवचत्वारिंशत्	८१
4. एकाशीतिः	४९
5. षण्णवतिः	६८
6. अष्टषष्टिः	९६

(B) Make sentences in Sanskrit:

(1x6=6)

1. गच्छति	2. बालकः	3. शिष्यः
4. कुक्कुरः	5. पुस्तकम्	6. धनुर्धरः

(C) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words from the bracket: (0.5x6=3)

(ज्ञाननिधिं, जीवाम, सेवासत्कारं, गुरुन्, ज्ञा नवारिधौ, वज्रकायतां)

- वयं विविधैः खेलैः विन्दाम।
- वयं सर्वे बालाः सञ्चिनुयाम।
- वयं सर्वे विहराम।
- वयं सदा अनुगच्छाम।
- वयं सदा भारतमातुः करवाम।
- वयं देशहितार्थं।

Q-2 (A) Write 'आम्' against the 'right' and 'न' against the 'wrong' sentences :

(0.5x4=2)

1. एकलव्यः ईश्वरश्रद्धायाः प्रतीकम् अस्ति।
2. एकलव्यः बाणैः कुक्कुरस्य मुखम् असीव्यत्।
3. आचार्य प्रति एकलव्यस्य श्रद्धा शिथिला न अभवत्।
4. द्रोणाचार्यः एकलव्यस्य शिष्यरूपेण स्वीकारं कर्तुं न शक्नोति।

(B) Write meanings of following words in English.

(1x6=6)

1. पठितुम्
2. प्रतिदिनम्
3. मनसा
4. अम्ब
5. वदति
6. क्रूर

(C) Tick the correct answers.

(0.5x4=2)

1. एकलव्यः किं पठितुम् इच्छति स्म?
A. अश्वविद्याम् B. धनुर्विद्याम् C. बाणविद्याम् D. वेदविद्याम्
2. शीला कस्याः पुत्री अस्ति?
A. शिक्षिकायाः B. सवितायाः C. पद्मपाण्याः D. पद्मिन्याः
3. बान्धवाः किं वरयन्ते?
A. मिष्टान्नम् B. वित्तम् C. श्रुतम् D. कुलम्
4. Eklavya made a statue of
A. Acharya Drona B. Arjuna C. Vashishtha D. Kripacharya

Q-3 (A) Find out the true meaning of the following Sanskrit words. (0.5x8=4)

1. भीतः - Frightened / wall
2. शशकः - Fox/Rabbit
3. कुत्र - Why/ Where
4. धावतु - Wash /Run
5. पलायनम् - Run away / Return
6. वदति - Goes/Speaks
7. भ्रातः - Brother / Likes
8. शयनम्- - Is sleeping / Is keeping quite

(B) Write the following numbers in Sanskrit words :

(1x6=6)

९३ ८९ ९९
७६ ८१ २३

SECTION-B (SUBJECTIVE)

Q-4 (A) Write answers in Sanskrit:

(1x6=6)

1. सविता भ्रमणभाषे आरम्भे किं वदति?
2. शीलायाः मातुः किं नाम?
3. कुसुमैः कम् अर्चाम्?
4. एकलव्यः धनुर्विद्यां पठितुम् कस्य समीपम् अगच्छत्?
5. शीला कुत्र गच्छति?
6. कः दशमः ग्रहः अस्ति?

(B) Write answers in English.

(1x6=6)

1. Who was Eklavya?
2. What type of body should be wished in the poem 'एहि, सुधीर!'?
3. Where had Sheela gone for her trip?
4. What is the status in society of a person who has no money?
5. To which place will Sheela visit after visiting Ajanta?
6. What kind of faith did Eklavya have towards his teacher (Guru)?

Q-5 (A) Write translation of following paragraph:

(1x5=5)

आचार्यः प्रत्यवदत्, "अहं कौरवान् पाण्डवान् च पाठयामि। अहं भवतः शिष्यरूपेण स्वीकारं कर्तुं न शक्नोमि।" परन्तु आचार्यं प्रति तस्य श्रद्धा शिथिला न अभवत्। सः आचार्यस्य द्रोणस्य एकां मूर्तिम् अरचयत्। सः प्रतिदिनं मूर्तिम् अनमत्। प्रातः आरभ्य सायंकालपर्यन्तं धनुर्विद्यायाः अभ्यासम् अकरोत्।

(B) Write translation of following shloka.

(1x4=4)

एहि दिनेश ! प्रणव ! गणेश !

ज्ञाननिधि सञ्चिनुयाम।

एहि शारदे ! गिरिजे ! वरदे

ज्ञानवारिधौ विहराम॥

Q-6 (A) Complete the following shloka.

(1x3=3)

एहि सुधीर ! विन्दाम ॥

Q-6 (B) Write your daily routine in Sanskrit in five to six lines.

(1x4=4)
